A Sustainable Strategy for the Straightforward Preparation of 2*H*azirines and Highly Functionalized NH-aziridines from Vinyl Azides Using a Single Solvent Flow-Batch Approach

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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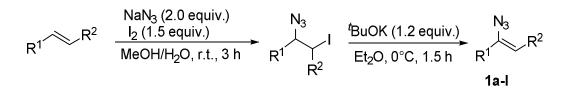
1. General methods

All reagents were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, TCI, Alfa Aesar and Fluorochem, and used without previous purification. Tin Layer Chromatography (TLC) was performed on a 0.25 mm precoated silica gel thick plates 60F254 (Merck); the spots were visualized under UV light (= 254 nm) and/or KMnO_{4 (ag)}. Flash chromatography was performed using 230-400 mesh silica and a mobile phase as indicated for each entry, according to standard techniques. HRMS spectra were recorded on Agilent 6530 accurate mass Q-TOF instrument using electrospray ion source (ESI), operating in positive and negative ion mode, as described for each entry. Infrared spectra (v_{max}, FT-IR/ATR) were recorded in reciprocal centimeters (cm⁻¹) using a PerkinElmer 283 Spectrometer (FT-IR) or a PerkinElmer Spectrum Two Spectrometer with a 2x2 mm diamond crystal (ATR). Nuclear magnetic resonance spectra were recorded using an Agilent 500 spectrometer (500 MHz for ¹H, 125 MHz for ¹³C, 470 MHz for ¹⁹F), and a Varian Mercury 300 spectrometer (300 MHz for ¹H, 75 MHz for ¹³C, 282 MHz for ¹⁹F). The peak of the (residual) solvent signal was used as an internal standard, related to TMS, with 7.26 ppm (¹H in CDCl₃), 77.00 ppm (¹³C in CDCl³). For ¹⁹F spectra, absolute referencing was used. Spin-spin coupling constants (*J*) are given in Hz. Assignment of the resonances was performed by combined application of standard NMR techniques (HSQC, COSY). Assignment of relative stereochemistry for compounds 3k and **3I** was performed by NOESY experiments.

Flow equipment: Solutions of the reagents were introduced into the flow microreactor system using a Harvard PHD 2000 syringe pump, equipped with gastight syringe purchased from SGE (Harvard PHD 2000). A Volcano reactor (Syrris, stainless steel tubular reactor, 4mL) was employed. Connections were obtained using stainless steel and PTFE microtubes with an inner diameter of 500 L. Microtubes were connected to the reactor by with stainless steel fittings (GL Sciences, 1/16 OUW).

2. General Procedure A for the preparation of vinyl azides

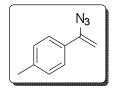
Vinil azides **1a-I** were prepared according to the reported procedures with slight modification, starting from alkenes.^{1,2}



To a solution of alkene (8.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in 18 mL of solvent (MeOH/H₂O = 5:1), sodium azide (17.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added in one portion at 25°C, then iodine (12.8 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added, and the solution was stirred for 3 h. Subsequently, CH_2Cl_2 (90 mL) and H_2O (50 mL) were added, the organic layer separated and washed with an aqueous solution of $Na_2S_2O_5$ (5%) until the organic phase appeared colourless. The organic layer was washed twice with H_2O (2 x 35 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was immediately used for the next synthetic step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained beta-iodo azide in Et_2O (17 mL), *t*-BuOK (10.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added at 0°C and the reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1.5 h. Subsequently, the mixture was filtered through a pad of diatomaceous earth, and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography afforded vinyl azides **1aËm** as reported for each entry.

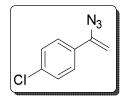
Characterization data for vinyl azides 1aË

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë4Ëmethylbenzene (1a)



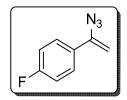
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1a** as a pale yellow oil (812 mg, 60%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.51 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 5.43 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H, CH₃). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë4Ëchlorobenzene (1b)



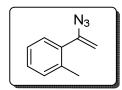
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1b** as a pale yellow oil (1068 mg, 70%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.50. 7.48 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.34. 7.31 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 5.43 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë4Ëfluorobenzene (1c)



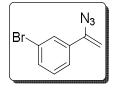
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1c** as a pale yellow oil (651 mg, 47%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.57. 7.50 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.08. 7.00 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 5.37 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) - 112.31 (ddd, J = 13.6, 8.5, 5.3 Hz). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë2Ëmethylbenzene (1d)



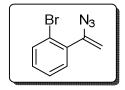
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1f** as a pale yellow oil (730 mg, 54%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.28. 7.18 (m, 5H, Ar. H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H, CH₃). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë3Ëbromobenzene (1e)



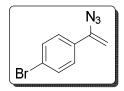
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1d** as a brown oil (952 mg, 50%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.72. 7.70 (m, 1H, Ar. H), 7.50. 7.45 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.22 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 5.45 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁴

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë2Ëbromobenzene (1f)



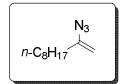
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1f** as a brown oil (1257 mg, 66%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.62 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.36. 7.32 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.26. 7.23 (m, 1H, Ar. H), 5.12 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë4Ëbromobenzene (1g)



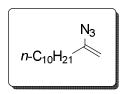
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1g** as a brown oil (1714 mg, 90%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.49. 7.47 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.44. 7.42 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 5.44 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.³

2ËazidodecË1Ëene (1h)



Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.95, Hexane) to afford azide **1i** as a colourless oil (478 mg, 31%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 4.62 (broad signal, 2H, C=CH₂), 2.07 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.51. 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.37. 1.26 (m, 10H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

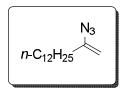
2ËazidododecË1Ëene (1i)



Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.95, Hexane) to afford azide **1j** as a colourless oil (961 mg, 54%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 4.62 (broad signal, 2H, C=CH₂), 2.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H),

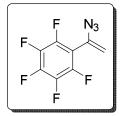
1.49. 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.38. 1.23 (m, 14H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

2ËazidotetradecË1Ëene (1j)



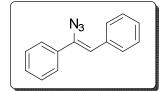
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.95, Hexane) to afford azide **1k** as a colourless oil (1190 mg, 59%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 4.62 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 2H, C=CH₂), 2.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.49. 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.36. 1.24 (broad signal, 18H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 147.0 (N₃*C*=CH₂), 98.1 (N₃*C*=*C*H₂), 33.8 (CH₂), 32.1 (CH₂), 29.8 (3 CH₂), 29.7 (CH₂), 29.5 (2 CH₂), 29.0 (CH₂), 27.5 (CH₂), 22.8 (CH₂), 14.2 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 2955, 2853, 2104, 1626, 1466, 1274. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (MEH)^E calcd for C₁₄H₂₇N₃ 236,2132; found 236,2125.

1Ë(1Ëazidovinyl)Ë2,3,4,5,6Ëpentafluorobenzene (1k)



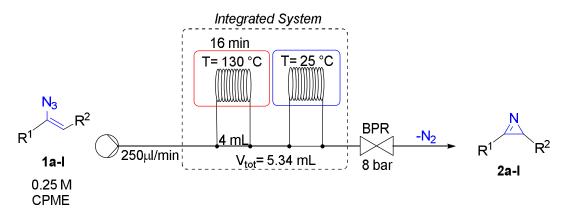
Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford vinyl azide **1I** as a pale yellow oil (700 mg, 35%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 5.40 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) -138.69 . -141.44 (m), -152.16 (tt, J = 21.0, 2.4 Hz), **Ë** 158.59 . -162.86 (m). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 144.6 (m, C. F), 141.8 (m, C. F), 137.8 (m, C. F), 132.0 (N₃C=CH₂), 110.5 (m, Ar. C_q), 108.3 (N₃C=CH₂). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^E ¹ 2151, 2102, 1493, 1327, 989, 707. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (MËH)^E calcd for C₈HF₅N₃ 234,0096; found 234,0110.

(Z)Ë(1ËazidoetheneË1,2Ëdiyl)dibenzene (1I)



Prepared according General Procedure A. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.9, Hexane) to afford azide **1m** as a colourless oil (564 mg, 30%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.72 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.54. 7.42 (m, 7H), 7.28. 7.26 (m, 1H), 6.03 (s, 1H). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

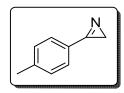
3. General Procedure B



The process can be executed using a PHD ULTRAï Syringe Pump (Harvard Apparatus), a Volcano reactor (4 mL, Syrris) and a back**Ë**pressure regulator of 8 bar. A solution of vinyl azide (1.0 mmol) in CPME (4 mL, 0.25 M) was introduced by syringe pump into the pre**Ë** heated reactor (130°C, probe feedback control) with a flow rate of 250 L/min. Subsequently, fresh solvent (CPME) was fluxed in the reactor upon the same conditions, and the outgoing solution was collected in a round bottom flask. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the products were obtained after chromatography or without any further purification as indicated for each entry.

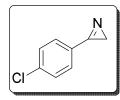
Characterization data for azirines 2a. I

3Ë(*p*Ëtolyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2a)



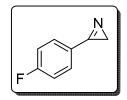
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1a** (159 mg). The product was obtained without any further purification as a yellow oil (131 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 2.46 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.76 (s, 2H, NCH₂). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

3Ë(4Ëchlorophenyl)Ë2HËazirine (2b)



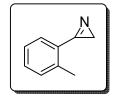
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1b** (180 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a yellow oil (150 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.86. 7.83 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.56. 7.53 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 1.75 (s, 2H, NCH₂). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

3Ë(4Ëfluorophenyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2c)



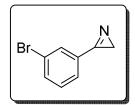
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1c** (163 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a yellow oil (134 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.94. 7.90 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.28. 7.24 (m overlapping CDCl₃, 2H, Ar. H), 1.80 (s, 2H, NCH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) -104.79 (m, 1F) Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

3Ë (oËtolyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2d)



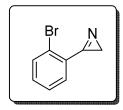
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1d** (159 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a yellow oil (131 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.75 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.35 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, Ar. H) 2.70 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.69 (s, 2H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 165.1 (C=N), 140.9 (Ar), 132.5 (Ar), 132.3 (Ar), 130.9 (Ar), 126.3 (Ar), 124.0 (Ar), 19.9 (NCH₂), 17.9 (Ar. CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3042, 2976, 2924, 1734, 1488, 981, 759, 669. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₉H₁₀N 132,0813; found 132,0807.

3Ë(3Ëbromophenyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2e)



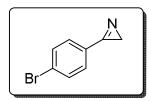
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1e** (224 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a brown oil (195 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 8.05 (t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.90. 7.81 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.72 (ddd, J = 8.0, 1.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 1.82 (s, 2H, C=NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (125 0MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 165.5 (C=N), 135.9 (Ar), 132.5 (Ar), 130.77 (Ar), 128.1 (Ar), 127.6 (Ar), 123.2 (Ar), 20.4 (NCH₂). IR (film)/cm^{E1} 3052, 2978, 2101, 1742, 1566, 1291, 993, 787. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₈H₇BrN 195,9762; found 195,9753.

3Ë(2Ëbromophenyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2f)



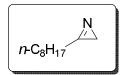
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1f** (224 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a brown oil (195 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.84(dd, J = 7.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.73 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.50 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (td, J = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (s, 2H, C=NCH₂). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁸

3Ë(4Ëbromophenyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2g)



Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1g** (224 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a brown oil (192 mg, 98%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, 2 Ar. H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, 2 Ar. H), 1.81 (s, 2H, C=NCH₂). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

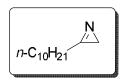
3ËoctylË2HËazirine (2h)



Prepared according General Procedure B (twice) using vinyl azide **1i** (181 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a yellow oil (150 mg, 98%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 2.78 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H, C*H*₂C=N), 1.74 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.43. 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.36 (s, 2H, C=NCH₂), 1.35. 1.21 (broad signal, 8H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 169.8 (CH₂C=N), 31.8, 29.2 (2 CH₂), 29.1, 28.4, 24.1, 22.6, 18.8, 14.0 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{Ë1} 2955, 2925, 2856,

 (CH_2) , 29.1, 28.4, 24.1, 22.6, 18.8, 14.0 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm⁻¹ 2955, 2925, 2856, 1466, 1260, 725. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₂₀N 154,1596; found 154,1591.

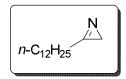
3ËdecylË2*H*Ëazirine (2i)



Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1**j (209 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a brown oil (175 mg, 97%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 2.78 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, $CH_2C=N$), 1.74 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.43. 1.20 (broad signal, 16H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125

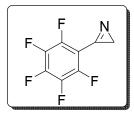
MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 169.9 (CH₂C=N), 32.0, 29.7, 29.6, 29.4 (2 CH₂), 28.6, 24.3, 22.8, 18.9, 14.3 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E_1} 2956, 2926, 2856, 1672, 1460, 1378, 1261, 1035. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₂H₂₄N 182,1909; found 182,1909.

3ËdodecylË2*H*Ëazirine (2j)



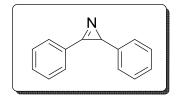
Prepared according General Procedure B using vinyl azide **1k** (237 mg). The product was obtained without further purification as a brown oil (203 mg, 97%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 2.78 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, $CH_2C=N$), 1.74 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.36. 1.18 (broad signal, 20H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 169.9 (CH₂C=N), 34.0, 32.1, 29.8, 29.7, 29.6, 29.5, 29.4, 29.1, 28.6, 24.3, 22.8, 18.9, 14.2. IR (ATR, neat)/cm^E ¹ 2954, 2924, 2854, 1458, 986. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₂₈N 210,2222; found 210,2218.

3Ë(perfluorophenyl)Ë2*H*Ëazirine (2k)



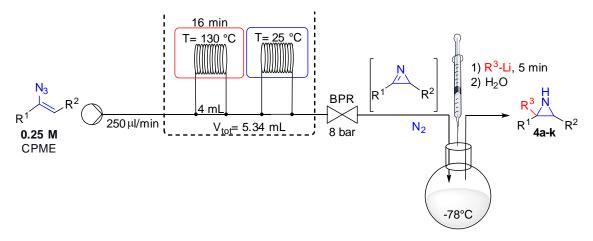
Prepared according General Procedure B. The product was obtained in mixture with vinyl azide **1I** (**1I**:**2I** = 20:80). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 1.85 (s, 2H, NCH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) -136.90 . -137.06 (m, 2F), -144.63 (tt, J = 20.6, 5.1 Hz, 1F), -159.71 . -159.97 (m, 2F).

2,3ËdiphenylË2HËazirine (21)



Prepared according General Procedure B. The product was obtained without any further purification as a yellow oil (192 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.72. 7.69 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.63. 7.51 (m, 3H, Ar. H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30. 7.27 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 7.17. 7.15 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 3.33 (s, 1H, C=NCHPh). Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

4. General Procedure C

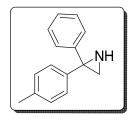


The process can be executed using a PHD ULTRAï Syringe Pump (Harvard Apparatus), a Volcano reactor (4 mL, Syrris) and a back \ddot{E} pressure regulator of 8 bar. A solution of vinyl azide (1.0 mmol) in CPME (4 mL, 0.25 M) was introduced by syringe pump into the pre \ddot{E} heated reactor (130°C, probe feedback control) with a flow rate of 250 L/min. Subsequently, fresh solvent (CPME) was fluxed in the reactor upon the same conditions. The outgoing solution was collected in a closed round bottom flask with nitrogen atmosphere for 16 min, since the formation of nitrogen was observed. The stirred solution was cooled to -78°C and organolithium (1.2 equiv.) was added in one portion. After 5 min, H₂O (100 L) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature. The solution was filtered on a Na₂SO₄ pad, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the products were isolated through silica gel chromatography as described for each entry.



Combined flow-batch system

Characterization data for aziridines 4a-I 2ËphenylË2Ë(*p*Ëtolyl)aziridine (4a)

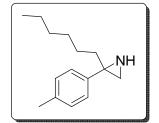


Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2a**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.30, Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/ Triethylamine 80:19:1) to afford aziridine **4a** as a brown waxy solid (102 mg, 49%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm)

7.37. 7.28 (m, 5H, Ar. H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 2.38 and 2.34 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm)

142.99 (Ar. C_q), 139.82 (Ar. C_q), 137.01 (Ar. C_q), 129.24 (Ar), 127.85 (Ar), 127.82 (Ar), 127.17 (Ar), 43.89 (C_q), 35.55 (NCH₂), 21.21 (Ar. CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E_1} 3293, 3026, 2920, 1657, 1446, 808, 698. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N 210,1283; found 210,1286.

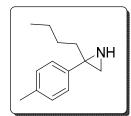
2ËhexylË2Ë(*p*Ëtolyl)aziridine (4b)



Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2a**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.45 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 70:29:1) to afford aziridine **4b** as a brown waxy solid (109 mg, 50%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm)

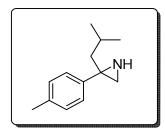
7.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 2.33 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.91 and 1.85 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 1.81. 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.72. 1.67(m, 1H), 1.29. 1.21 (m, 8H), 0.84 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₂C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 139.7 (Ar. C_q), 136.7 (Ar. C_q), 129.1 (2 Ar), 127.6 (2 Ar), 41.7 (C_q), 39.6 (*C*H₂C=NCH₂), 33.1 (*C*H₂C=N*C*H₂), 31.9 (*C*H₂), 29.5 (*C*H₂), 26.3 (*C*H₂), 22.7(*C*H₂), 21.2 (Ar. CH₃), 14.2 (*C*H₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3291, 2954, 2856, 1676, 1464, 815. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₄N 218,1909; found 218,1914.

2ËbutylË2Ë(*p*Ëtolyl)aziridine (4c)



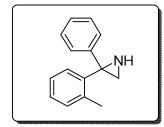
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2a**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.30 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 70:29:1) to afford aziridine **4c** as a brown waxy solid (87 mg, 46%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.26(d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 2.33 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.92 and 1.85 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 1.80. 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.73. 1.69(m, 1H), 1.28. 1.26 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 139.7 (Ar. Cq), 136.7 (Ar. Cq), 129.1 (2 Ar), 127.6 (2 Ar), 41.7 (Cq), 39.3 (CH₂C=NCH₂), 33.0 (CH₂C=NCH₂), 28.5 (CH₂), 22.9 (CH₂), 21.2 (Ar. CH₃), 14.2 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3296, 2956, 2928, 2859, 1517, 1458, 817, 561. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₀N 190,1596; found 190,1596.

2ËisobutylË2Ë(pËtolyl)aziridine (4d)



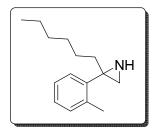
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2a**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.45 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 50:49:1) to afford aziridine **4d** as a brown waxy solid (89 mg, 47%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCI₃, ppm) 7.29(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 2.33 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.95 and 1.84 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 1.69. 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.52 (ept, J= 6.7 Hz, 1H, C*H*(CH₃)₂), 1.07 (broad signal,1H, NH), 0.89 and 0.88 (2 d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H, 2 CH(C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCI₃, ppm) 139.6 (Ar. C_q), 136.6 (Ar. C_q), 129.1 (2 Ar), 127.6 (2 Ar), 48.9 (C_q), 40.6 (CH₂C=NCH₂), 32.8 (CH₂C=NCH₂), 26.2 (CH₂), 23.3 (CHCH₃), 22.9 (CHCH₃) 21.2 (Ar. CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3293, 3052, 2953, 2868, 1517, 1467, 813, 804, 560. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₀N 190,1596; found 190,1596.

2ËphenylË2Ë(oËtolyl)aziridine (4e)



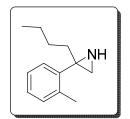
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2d**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.55 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 50:49:1) to afford aziridine **4e** as a brown oil (109 mg, 52%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.52. 7.51 (m, 1H, Ar. H), 7.27. 7.23 (m, 4H, Ar. H), 7.21. 7.15 (m, 4H, Ar. H), 2.45 and 2.34 (2 s, 2H, 2 x C=NC*H*H), 2.24 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 142.3 (Ar. C_q), 140.1 (Ar. C_q), 138.1 (Ar. C_q), 130.5 (Ar), 129.5 (Ar), 128.3 (Ar), 127.8 (Ar), 126.6 (Ar), 125.9 (Ar), 125.8 (Ar), 42.8 (C_q), 36.5, 19.6 (Ar. CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3280, 3060, 2854, 1639, 1494, 755, 698. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N 210,1283; found 210,1281.

2ËhexylË2Ë(oËtolyl)aziridine (4f)



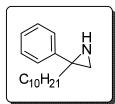
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2d**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.35 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 70:29:1) to afford aziridine **4f** as a brown waxy solid (134 mg, 62%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.29. 7.26 (m, 1H, Ar. H), 7.18. 7.12 (m, 3H, Ar. H), 2.43 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.93 and 1.89 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 1.74. 1.79 (m, 1H, CH*H*C=NCH₂), 1.64. 1.59 (m, 1H, CH*H*C=NCH₂), 1.31. 1.21 (broad signal, 8H), 0.84 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₂C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 140.8 (Ar. C_q), 136.7 (Ar. C_q), 130.4 (Ar), 129.4 (Ar), 127.2 (Ar), 125.6 (Ar), 41.7 (C_q), 38.6 (*C*H₂C=NCH₂), 32.7 (CH₂C=NCH₂), 31.9 (CH₂), 29.5 (CH₂), 26.2 (CH₂), 22.7 (CH₂), 19.3 (Ar. CH₃), 14.2 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3282, 3058, 2927, 1687, 1457, 878, 760, 729. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₄N 218,1909; found 218,1907.

2ËbutylË2Ë(oËtolyl)aziridine (4g)



Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2d**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.35 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 60:39:1) to afford aziridine **4g** as a brown waxy solid (97 mg, 51%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.30. 7.26 (m, 1H, Ar. H), 7.18. 7.13 (m, 3H, Ar. H), 2.43 (s, 3H, Ar. CH₃), 1.93 and 1.89 (2 s, 2H, 2 C=NC*H*H), 1.76. 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.33. 1.21 (m, 4H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₂C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 140.8 (Ar. Cq), 136.8 (Ar. Cq), 130.4 (Ar), 129.5 (Ar), 127.2 (Ar), 125.6 (Ar), 41.7 (Cq), 38.4 (*C*H₂C=NCH₂), 32.7 (CH₂C=NCH₂) 28.4 (CH₂), 23.0 (CH₂), 19.3 (Ar. CH₃), 14.2 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3298, 2956, 2930, 2858, 1491, 1458, 862, 761, 730. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₂₀N 190,1596; found 190,1591.

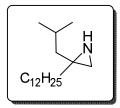
2-decyl-2-phenylaziridine (4h)



Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine 2i. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.45 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 60:39:1) to

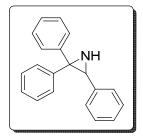
afford aziridine **4h** as a yellow waxy solid (116 mg, 45%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.37 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 1.94 and 1.90 (2 s, 2H, 2 NC*H*H), 1.84. 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.74. 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.29. 1.21 (broad signal, 16H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 142.6 (Ar. C_q), 128.4 (Ar. C), 127.7 (Ar. C), 127.1 (Ar. C), 42.1 (C_q), 39.6 (*C*H₂C_qPhN), 32.0 (C_qN*C*H₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 29.7 (2 CH₂), 29.6 (2 CH₂), 29.4 (2 CH₂), 29.3 (CH₂), 14.3 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3298, 3059, 2923, 2852, 1465, 867, 698. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₃₀N 260,2378; found 260,2380.

2-dodecyl-2-isobutylaziridine (4i)



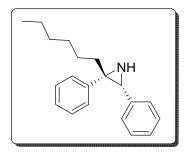
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2j**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.30 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate/Triethylamine 50:49:1) to afford aziridine **4i** as a yellow waxy solid (128 mg, 48%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 1.81. 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.52 and 1.51 (2 s, 2H, 2 NC*H*H), 1.47 and 1.14 (2 dd, J = 14.0, 8.0 Hz, 2H, 2 C*H*HCH(CH₃)₂), 1.34. 1.19 (broad signal, 22H), 0.94 and 0.92 (2 d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H, 2 CHC*H*₃), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₂C*H*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 45.5, 37.0, 35.7, 32.4, 32.1, 30.0, 29.8 (3 CH₂), 29.5, 25.9, 25.8, 23.5, 22.9, 22.8, 14.3 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 2954, 2923, 2853, 1466, 1378, 801. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₃₇N 268,3004; found 268,3005.

2,2,3Ëtriphenylaziridine (4j)



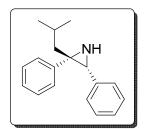
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2I**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.60 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate 90:10) to afford aziridine **4j** as a white solid (168 mg, 62%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.41 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar. H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H, Ar. H), 7.16. 7.11 (m, 8H, Ar. H), 3.90 (s, 1H, NCHPh), 1.80 (NH). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 144.4, 138.5, 137.2, 129.8, 128.8, 127.8 (2 Ar), 127.6, 127.4, 127.1, 126.8, (2 Ar), 52.4, 47.0. Analytical data (NMR) in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁹

(2S*,3R*)Ë2ËhexylË2,3Ëdiphenylaziridine (4k)



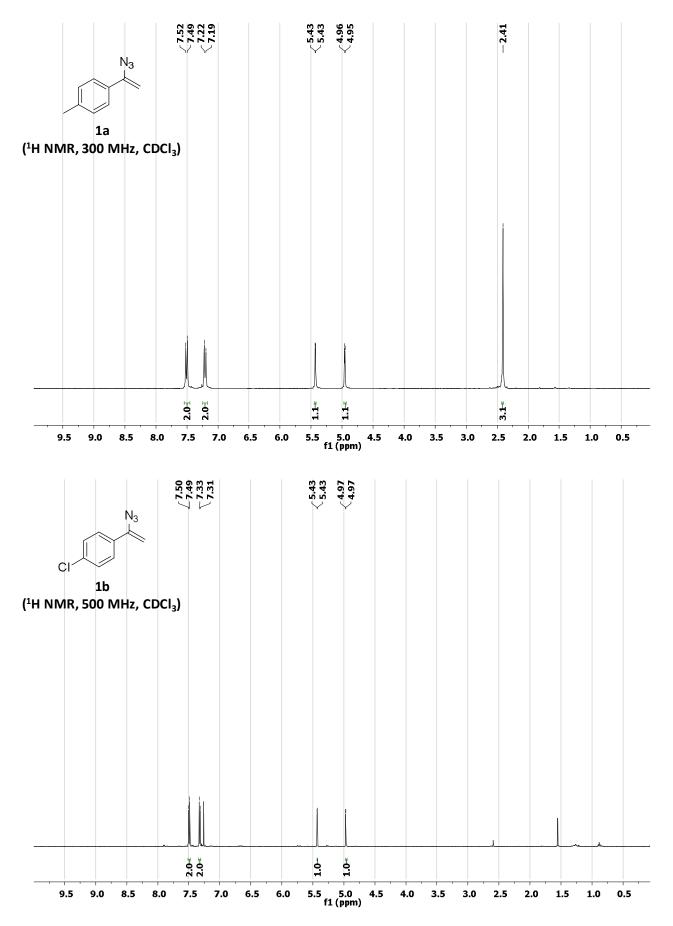
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2I**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.50 Hexane/Ethyl Acetate 80:20) to afford aziridine **4k** as a pale yellow waxy solid (145 mg, 52%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.17. 7.12 (m, 4H, Ar. H), 7.10. 7.02 (m, 4H, Ar. H), 6.96. 6.94 (m, 2H, Ar. H), 3.30 (s, 1H, C=NCHPh), 2.21. 2.15 and 1.68. 1.62 (2 m, 2H, 2 C*H*HC=N), 1.51 (broad signal, 1H, NH), 1.41. 1.19 (broad signal, 8H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 138.7 (Ar. C_q), 137.9 (Ar. C_q), 129.3 (2 Ar. C), 127.7 (2 Ar. C) 127.6 (2 Ar. C), 127.2 (2 Ar. C), 126.5 (Ar. C), 127.4 (Ar. C), 50.8 (C_q), 45.6 (NCHPh), 42.9 (PhCCH₂CH₂), 31.9, 29.5, 26.2, 22.7, 14.2 (CH₃). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{Ë1} 3298, 3028, 2927, 2855, 1603, 1447, 752, 696. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₆N 280,2065; found 280,2053.

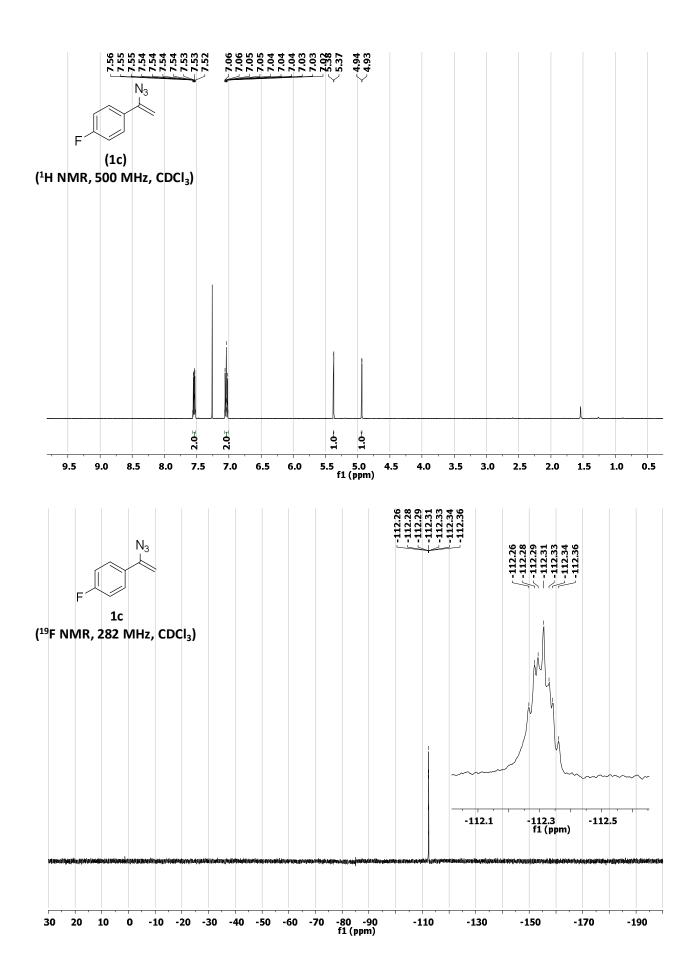
(2S*,3R*)Ë2ËisobutylË2,3Ëdiphenylaziridine (4I)

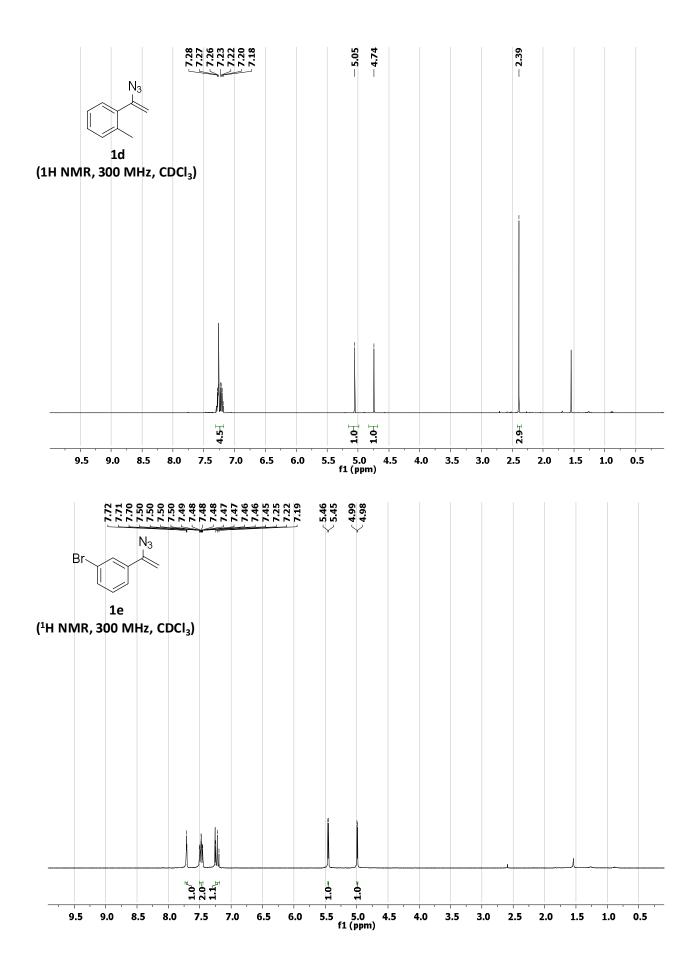


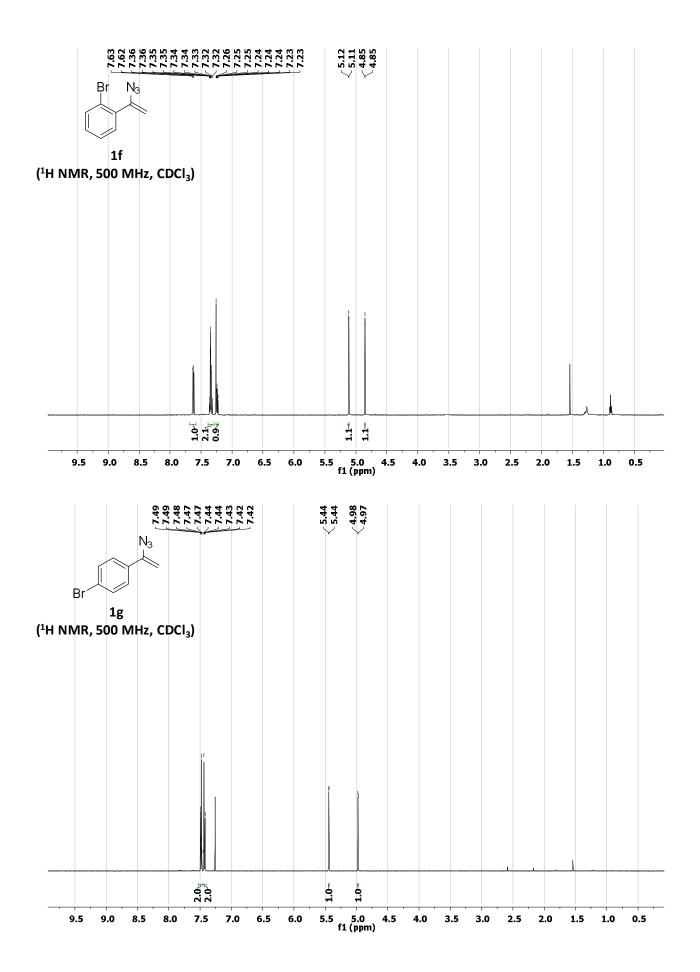
Prepared according General Procedure C using azirine **2I**. The product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, R_f 0.25 Hexane/AcOEt/Et₃N 90:9:1) to afford aziridine **4I** as a pale yellow waxy solid (113 mg, 45%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 7.47 (s, 1H, Ar. H), 7.41. 7.26 (m, 5H, Ar. H), 7.25. 7.17 (m, 4H, Ar. H), 3.47 (s, PhCHN, 1H), 2.42 (dd, J = 13.0, 5.3 Hz, PhCC*H*HCH(CH₃)₂, 1H), 1.84. 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.19 and 1.15 (2 d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2 PhCCH₂CH(C*H*₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) 138.3 (Ar. C_q), 137.5 (Ar. C_q), 129.1 (Ar), 127.5 (Ar), 127.4 (Ar), 127.1 (Ar), 126.3 (2 Ar), 52.0 (PhC_qCH₂CH(CH₃)₂), 49.6 (PhC_qCH₂CH(CH₃)₂), 45.0 (PhCHN), 26.1 (PhC_qCH₂CH(CH₃)₂), 23.2 and 22.7 (2 CH(CH₃)₂). IR (ATR, neat)/cm^{E1} 3086, 3028, 2926, 2869, 1683, 1498, 871, 697, 607. HRMS (ESITOF) m/z (M+H)⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₂N 252,1752; found 252,1756.

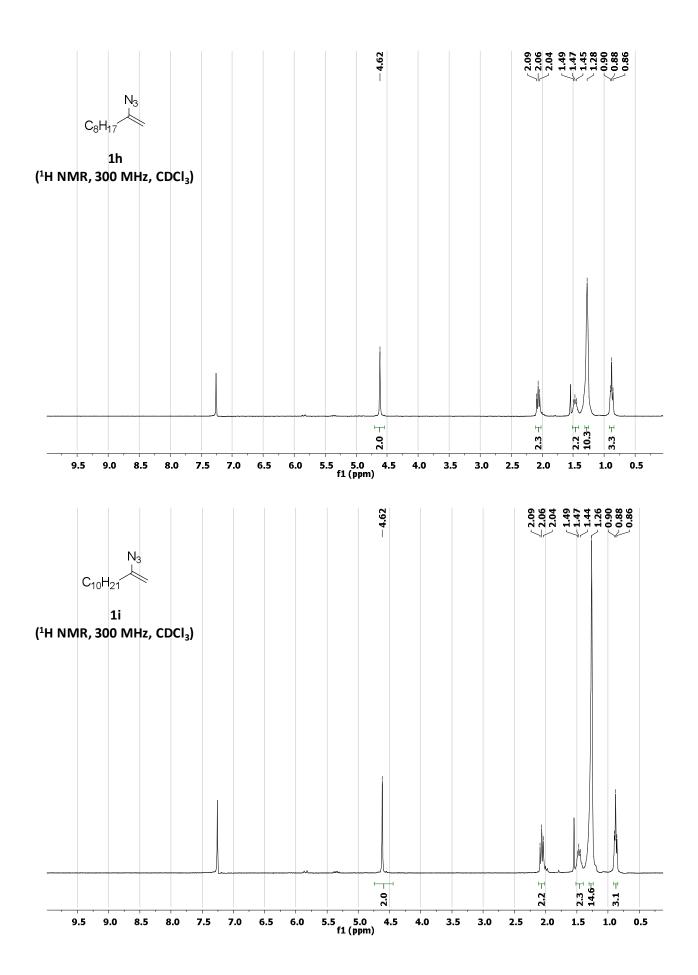
5. Copies of ¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁹F, NOESY NMR spectra

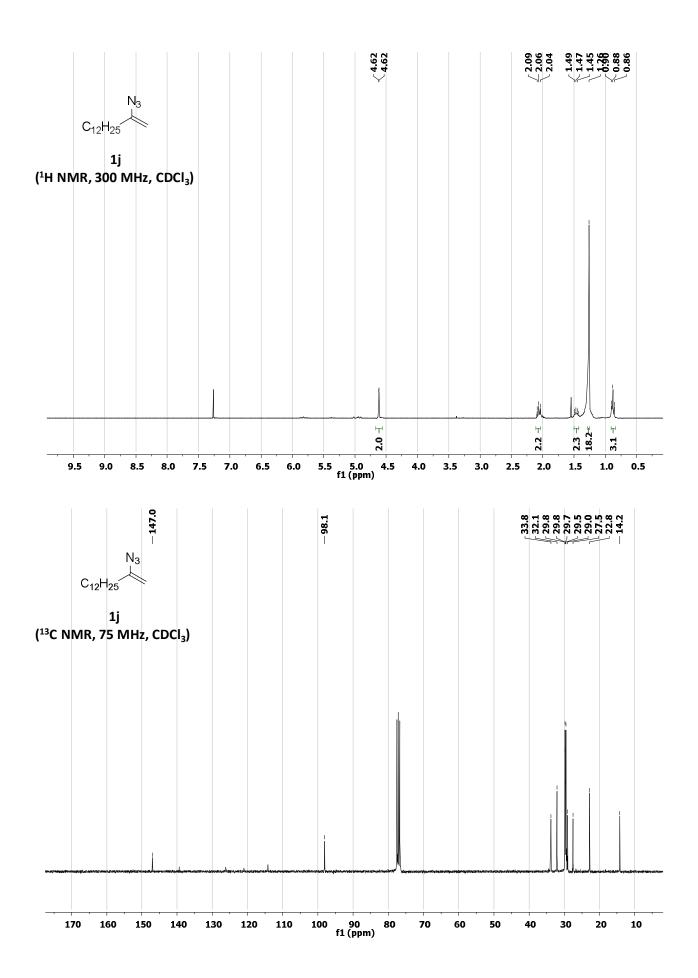


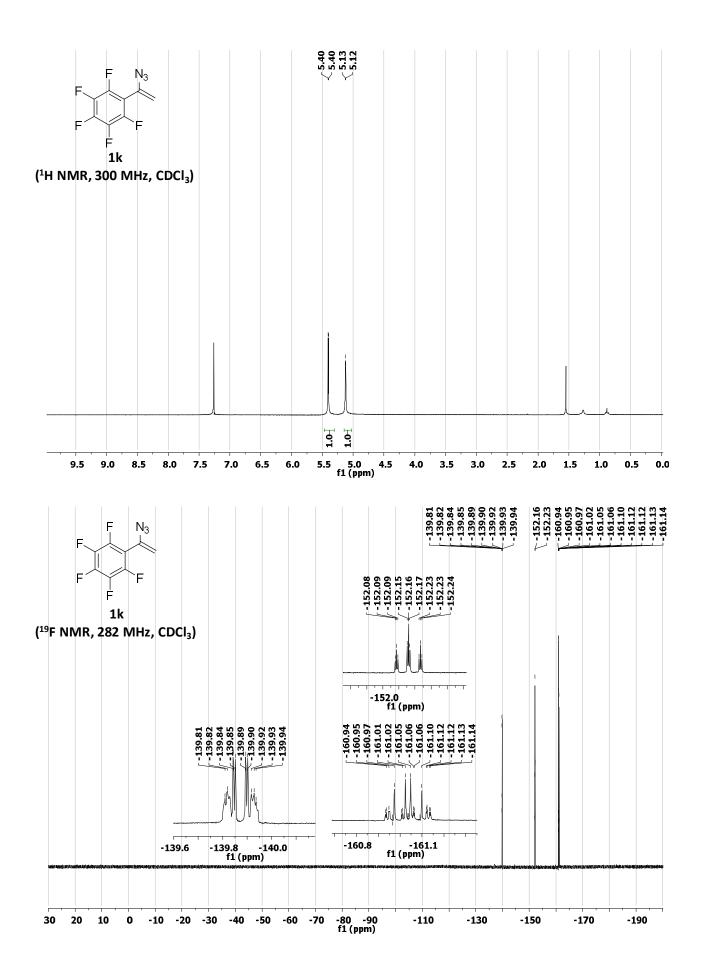


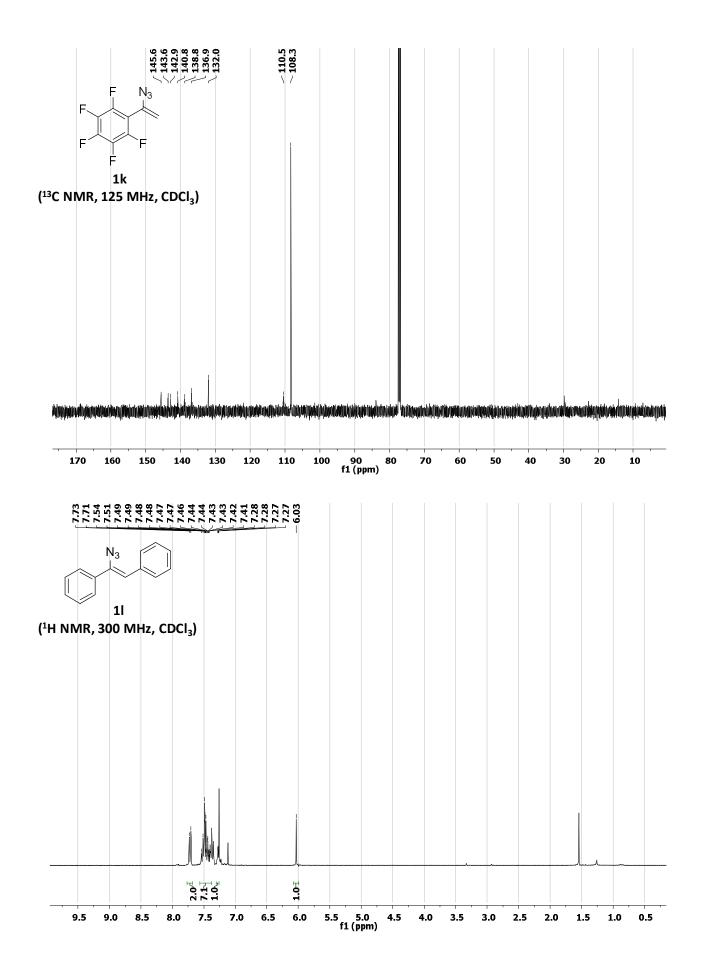


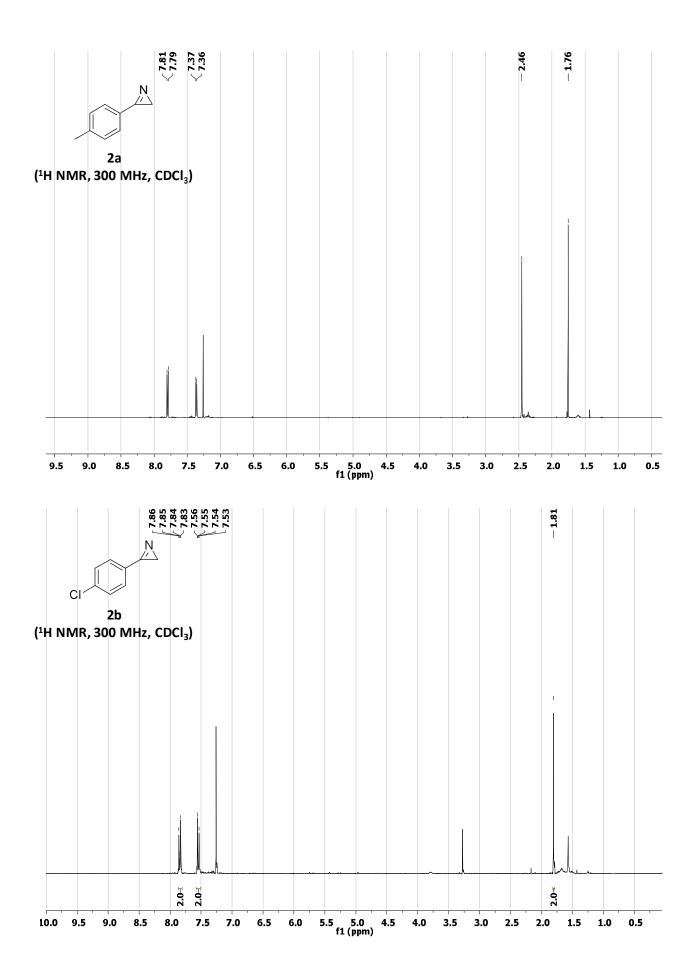


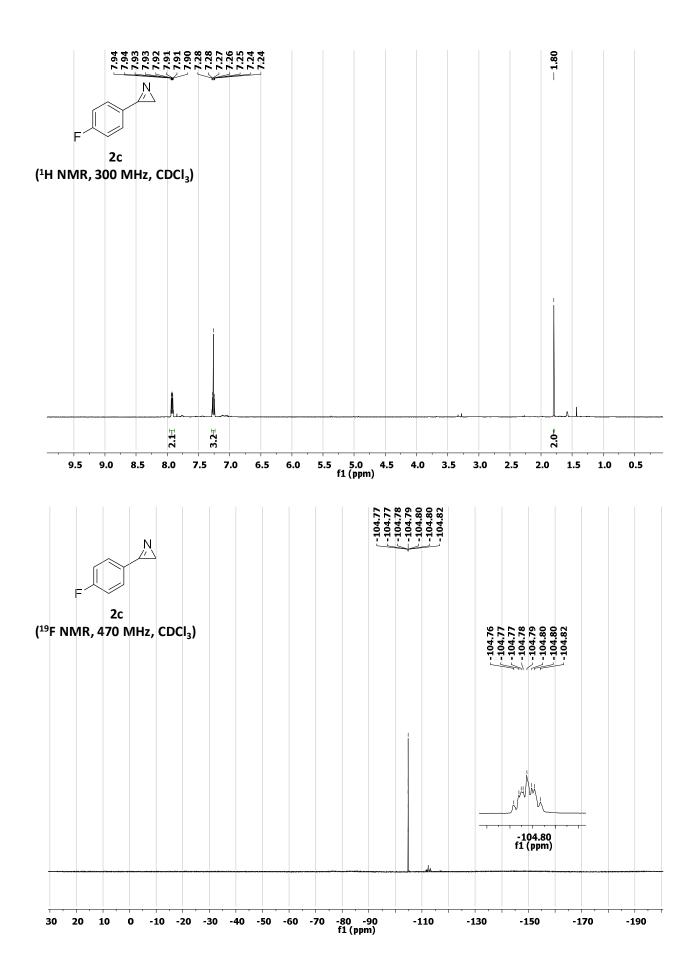


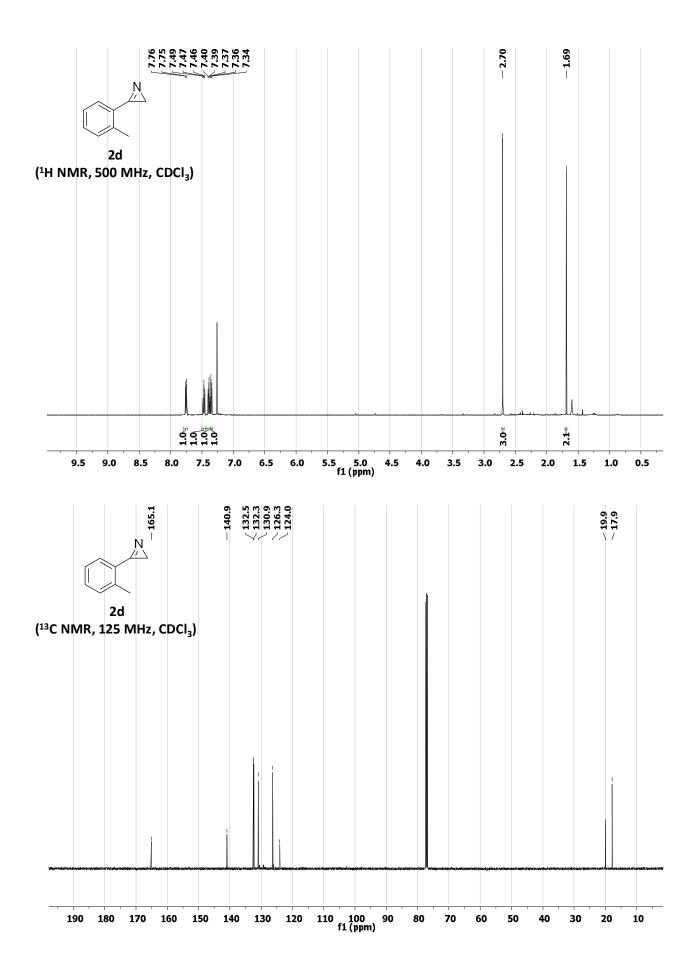


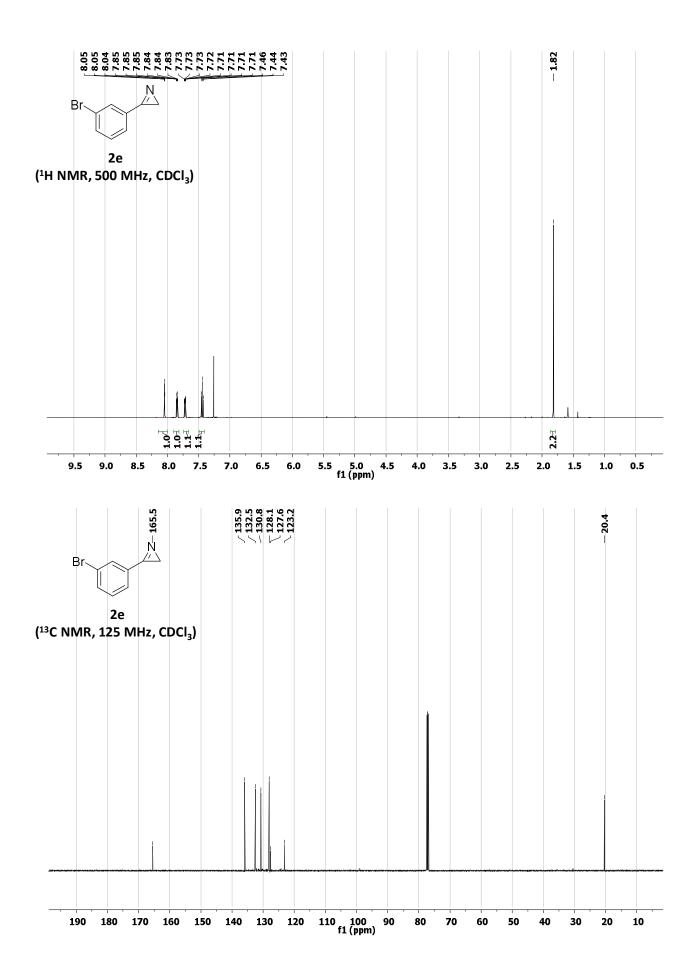


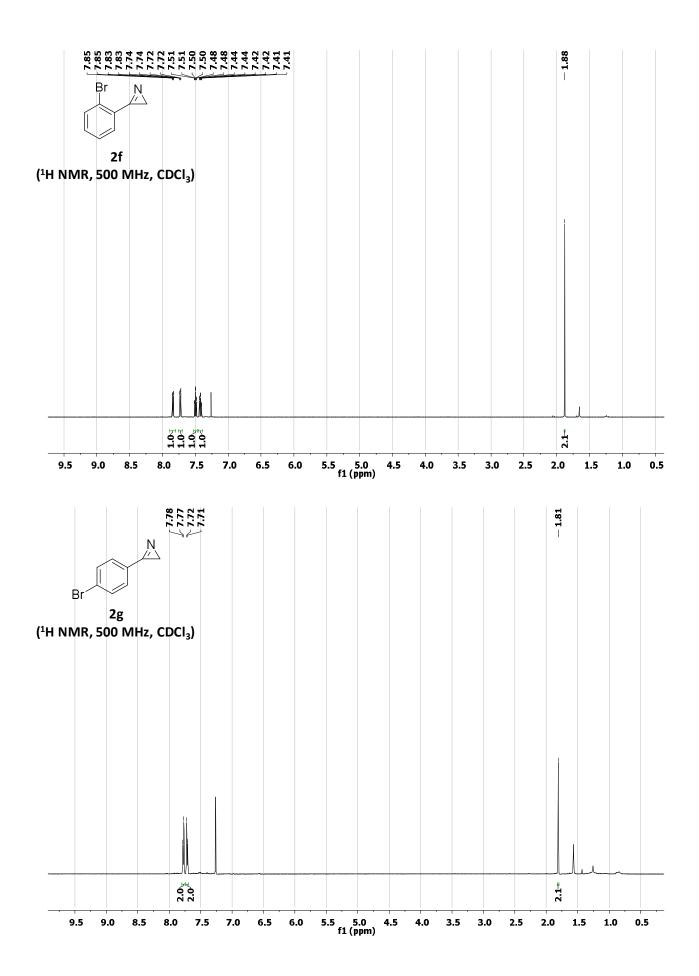


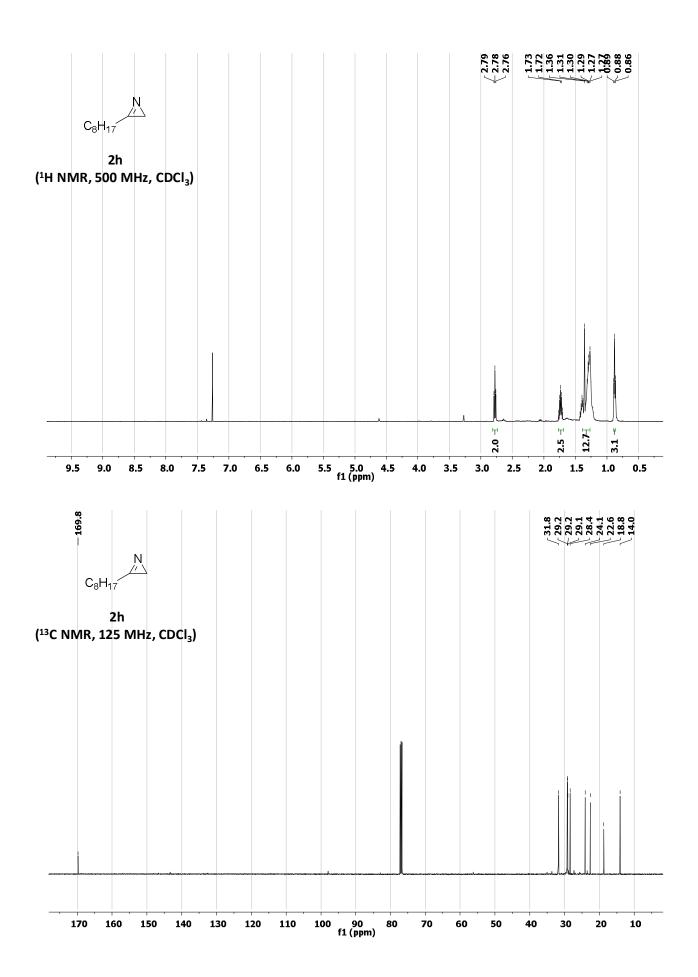


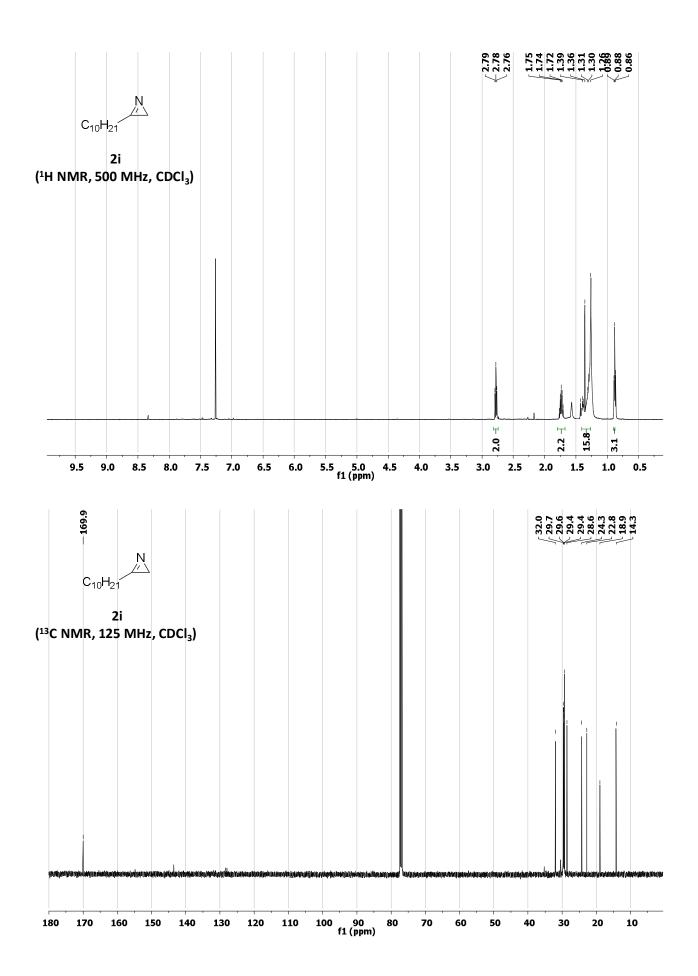


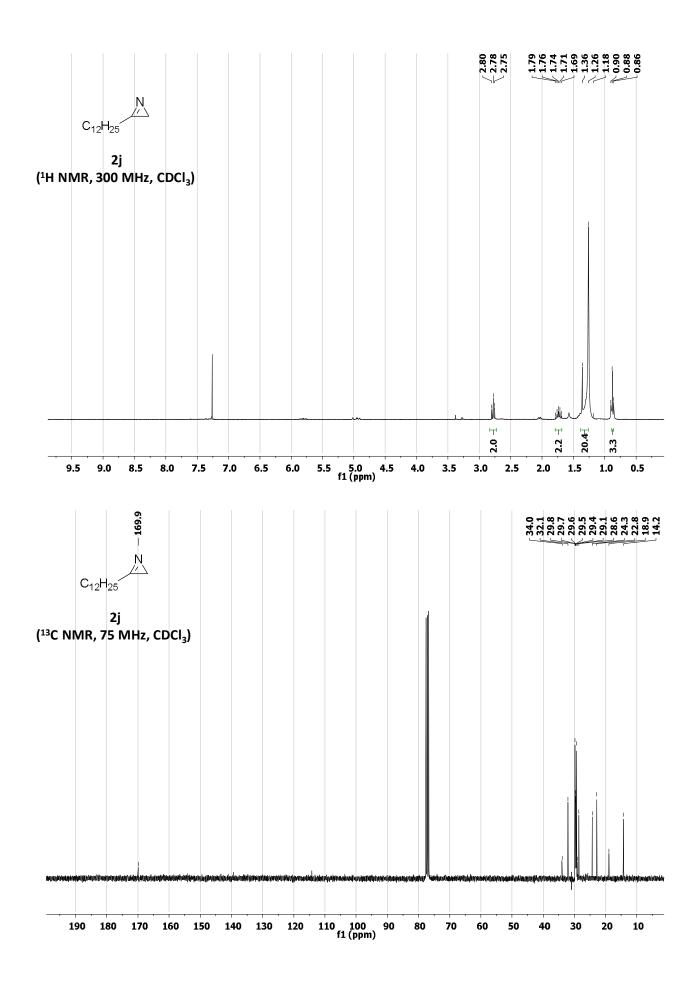


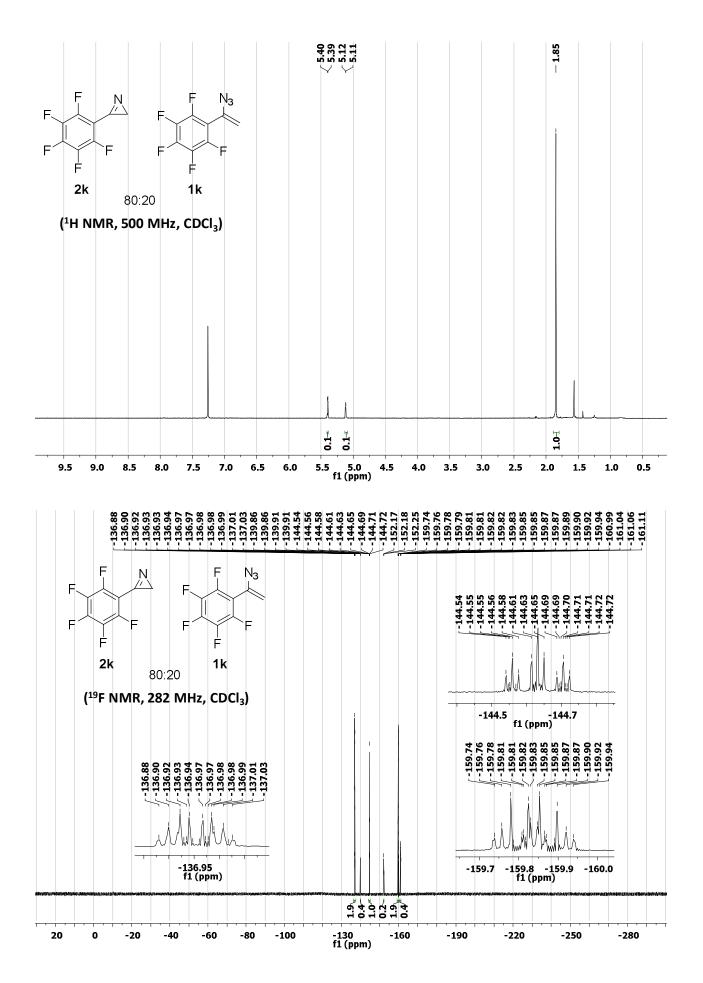


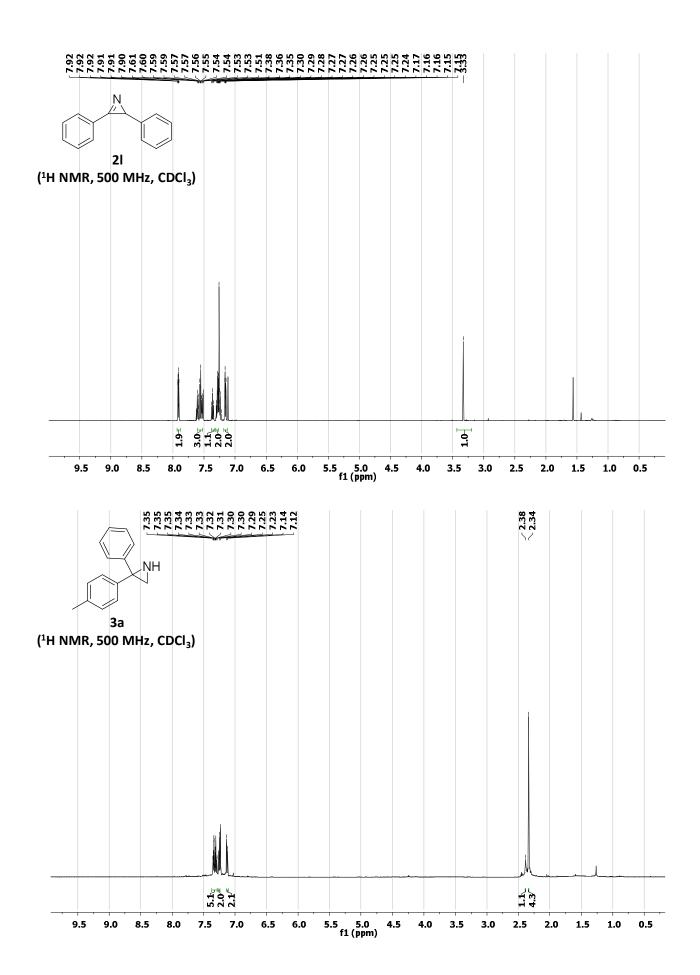


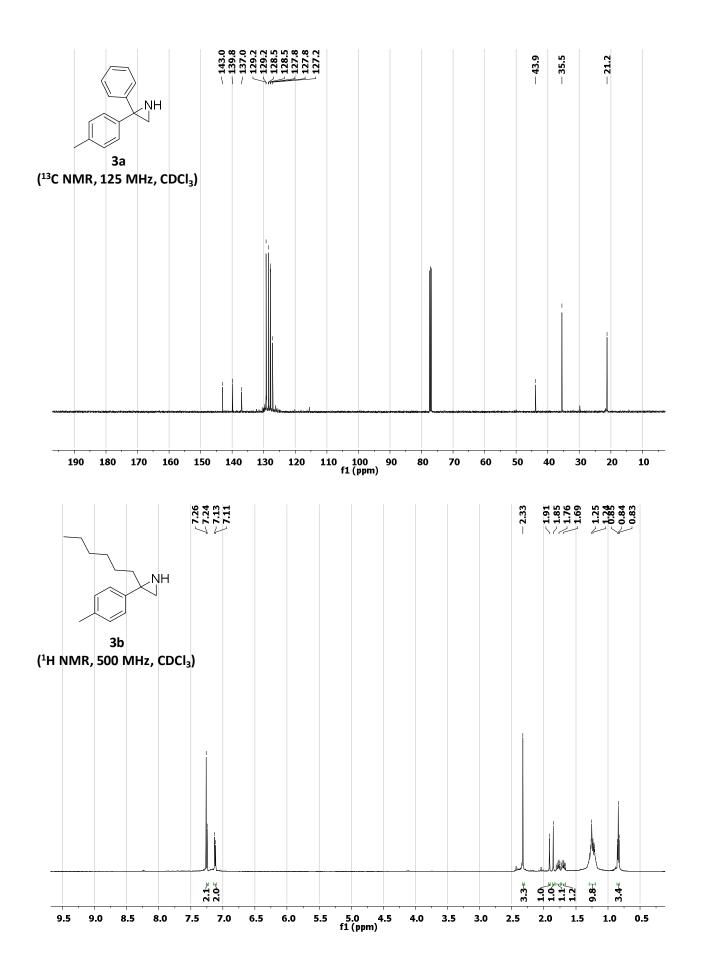


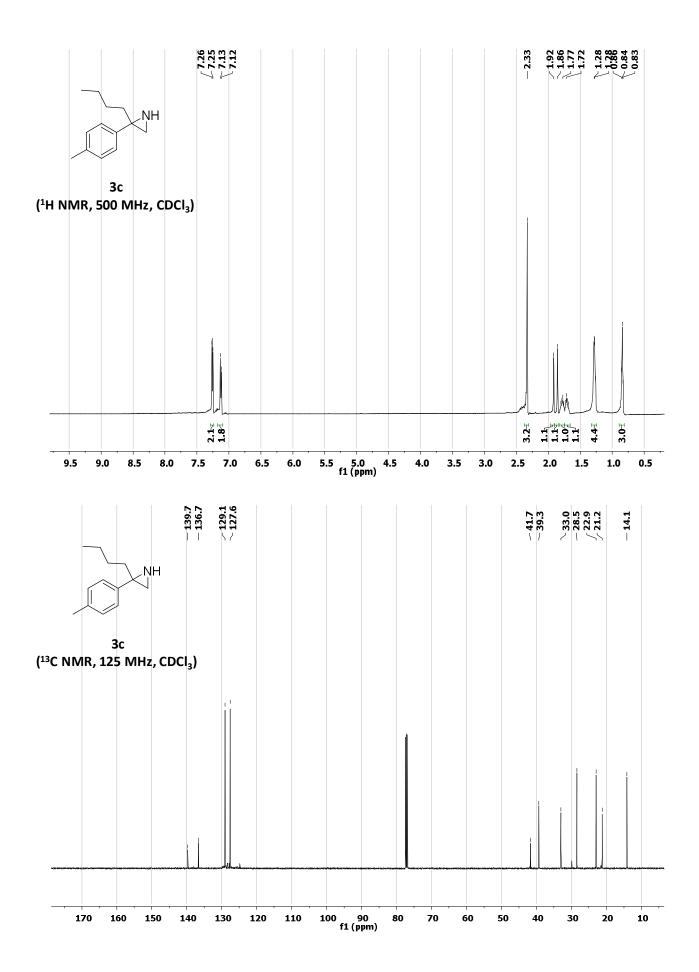


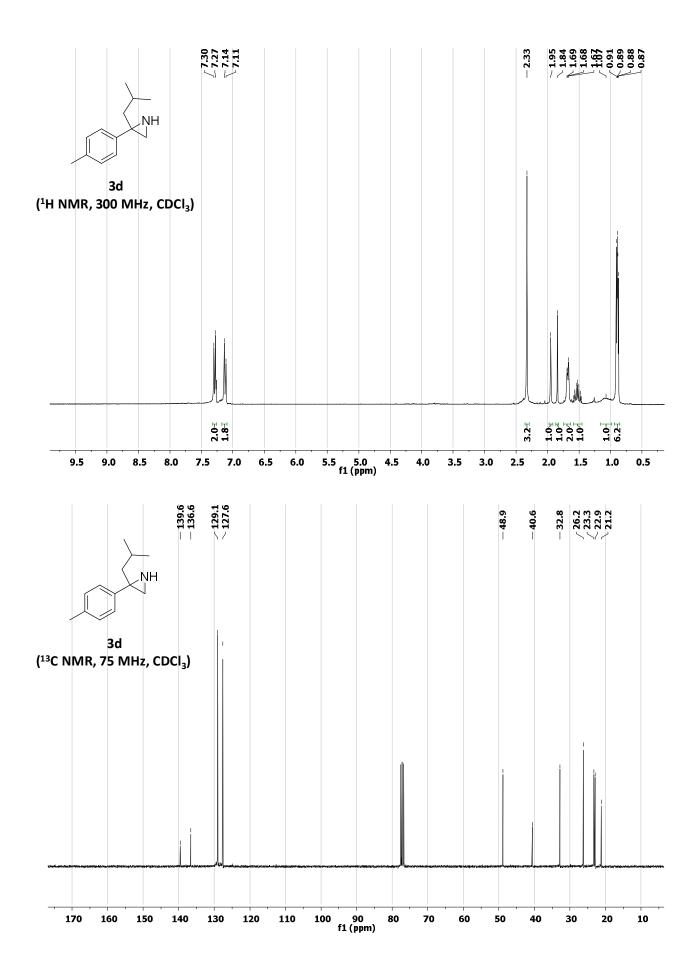


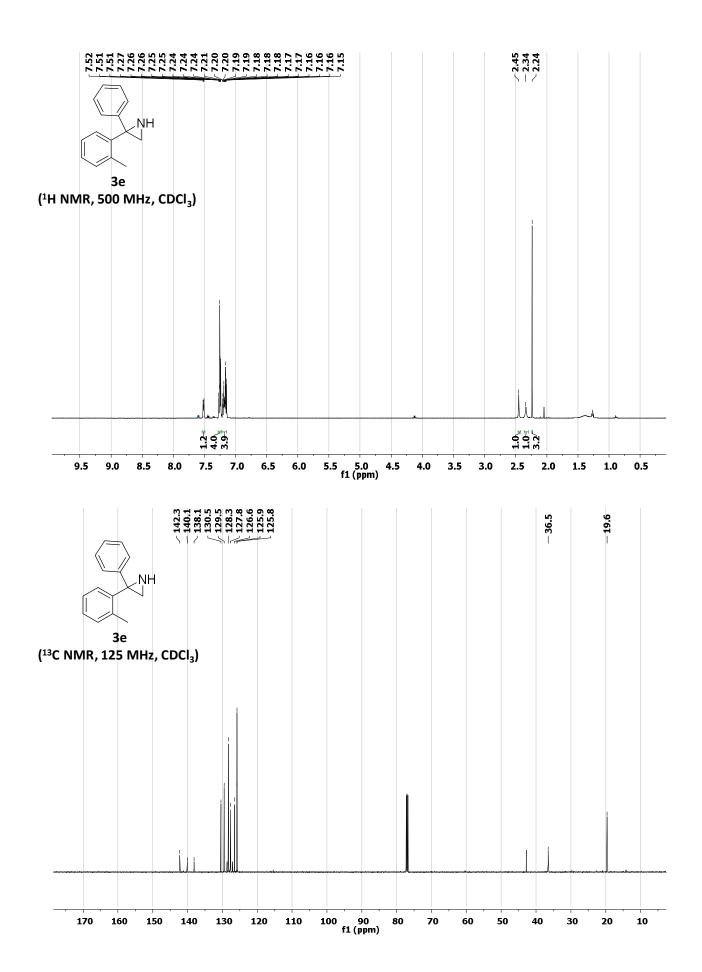


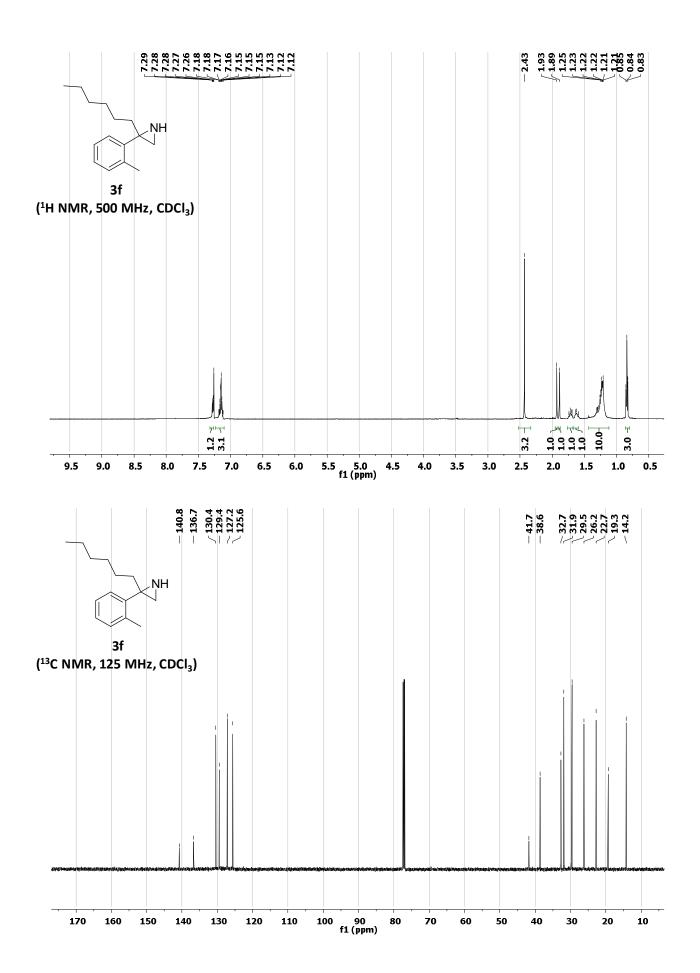


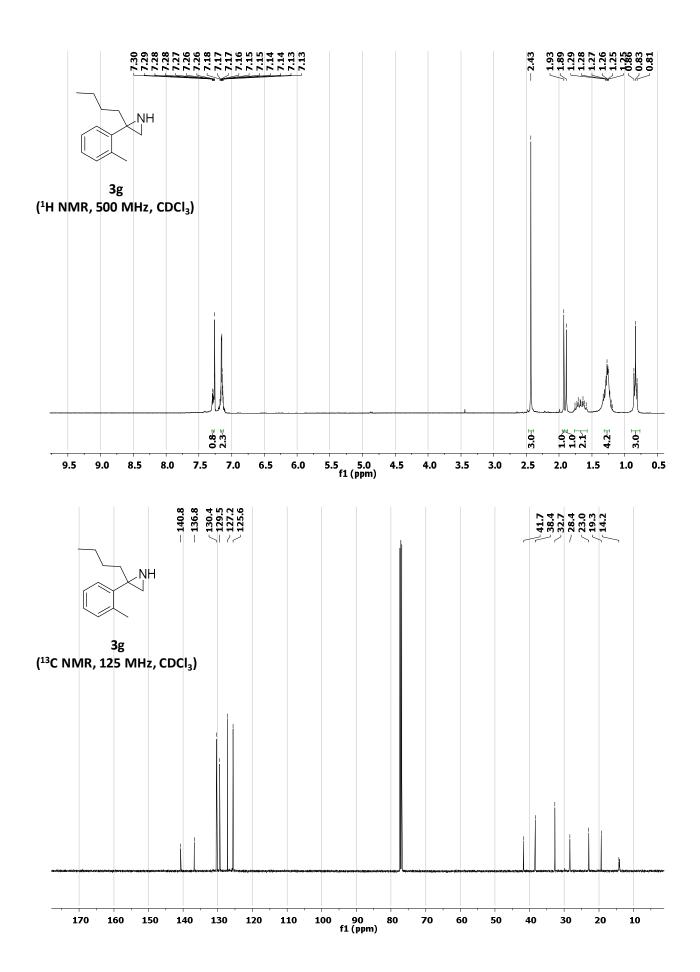


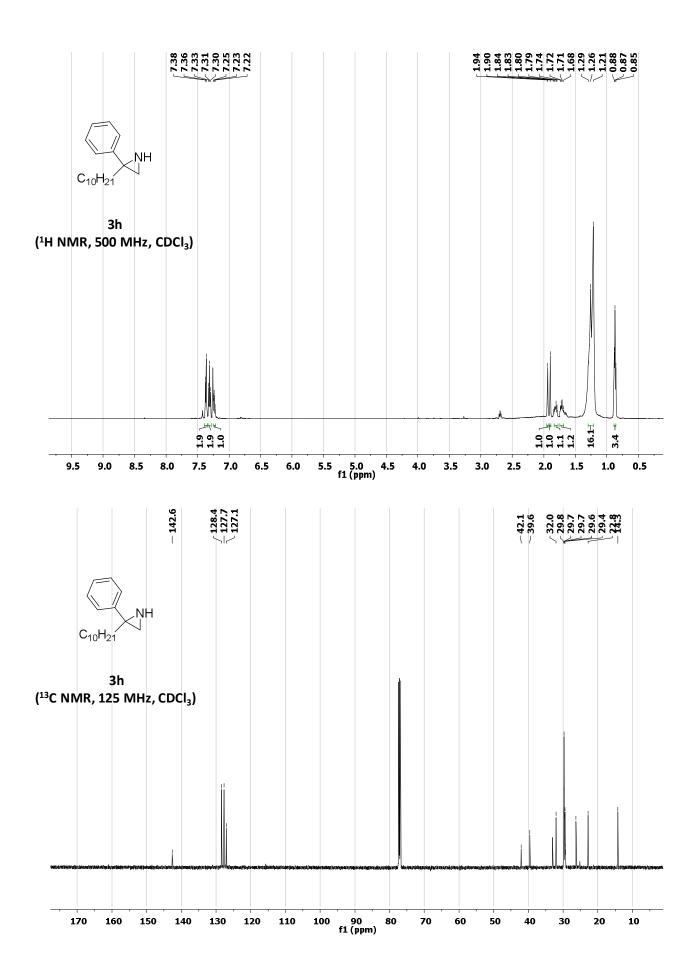


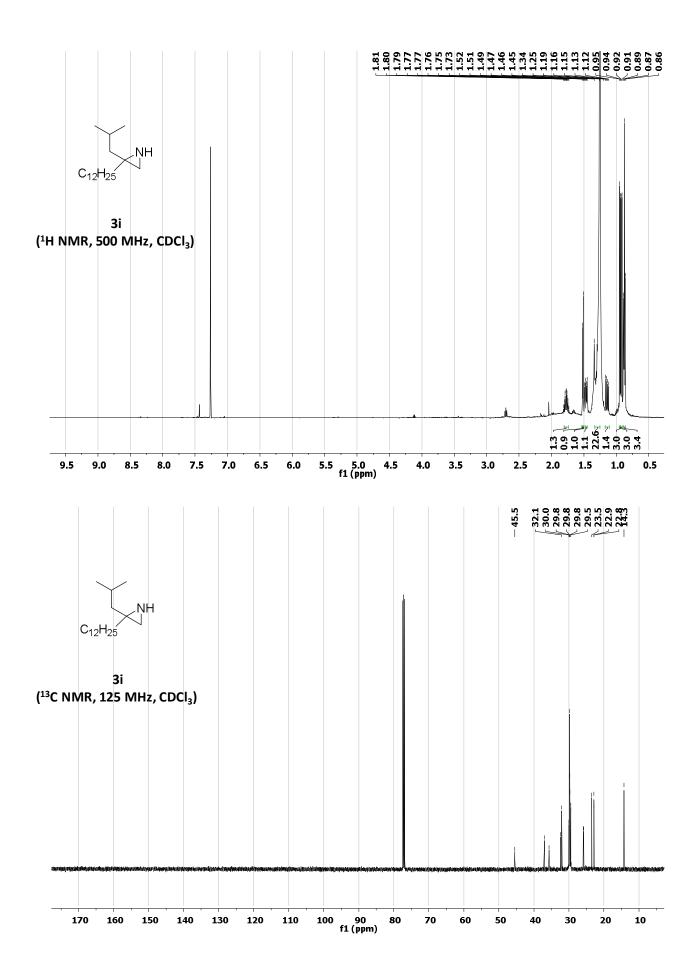


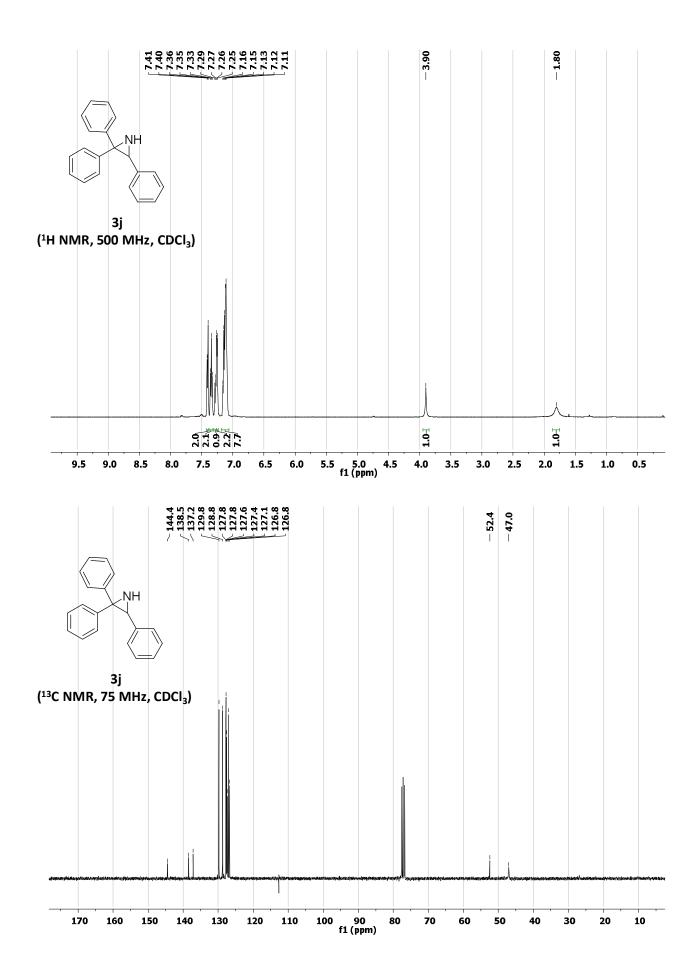


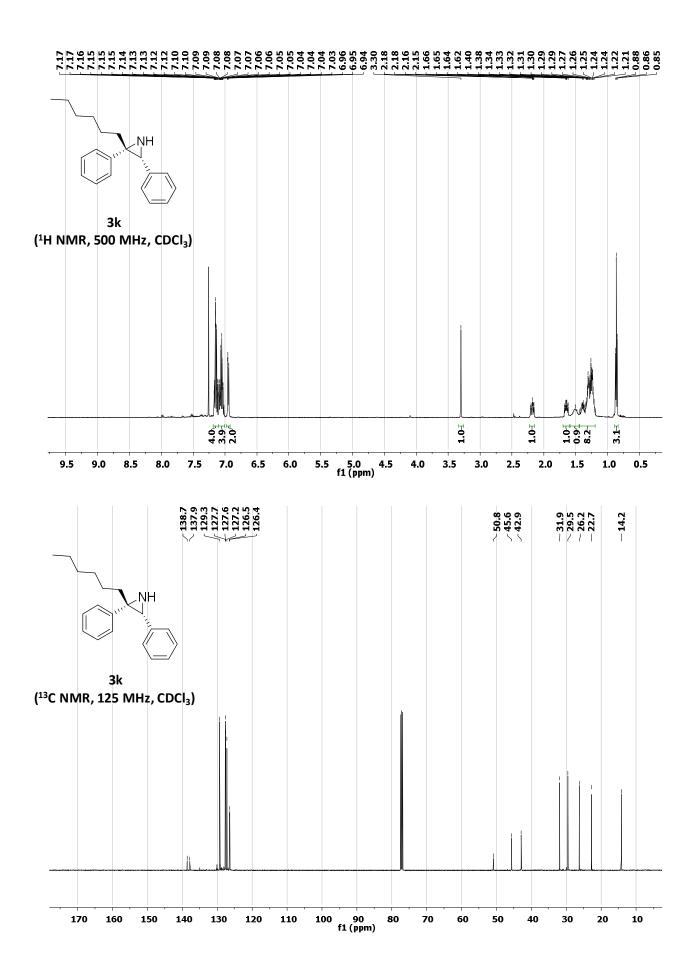


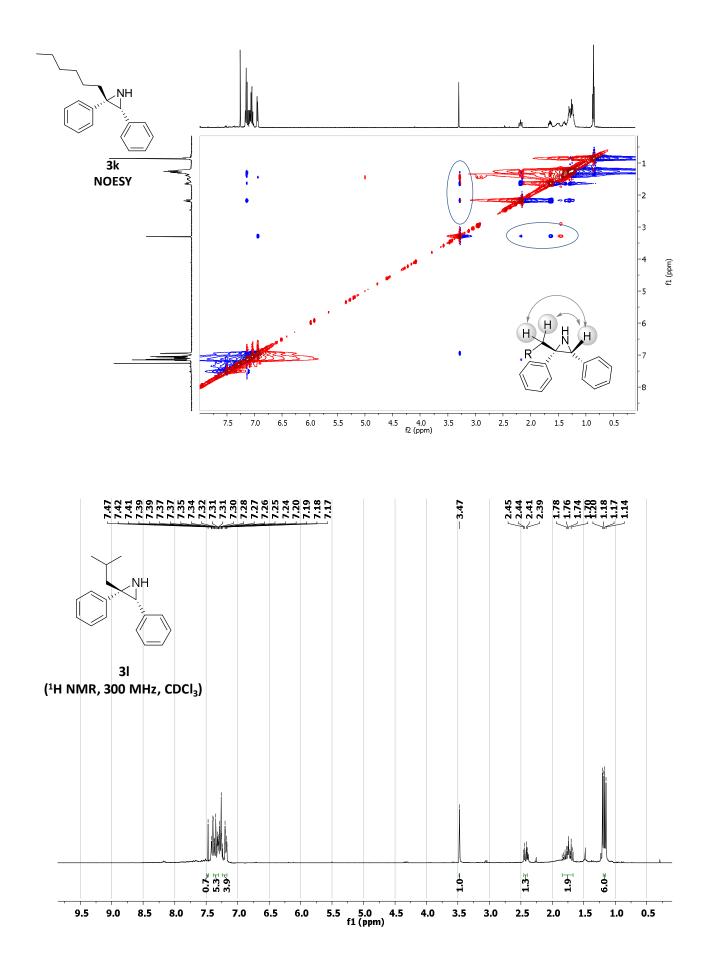


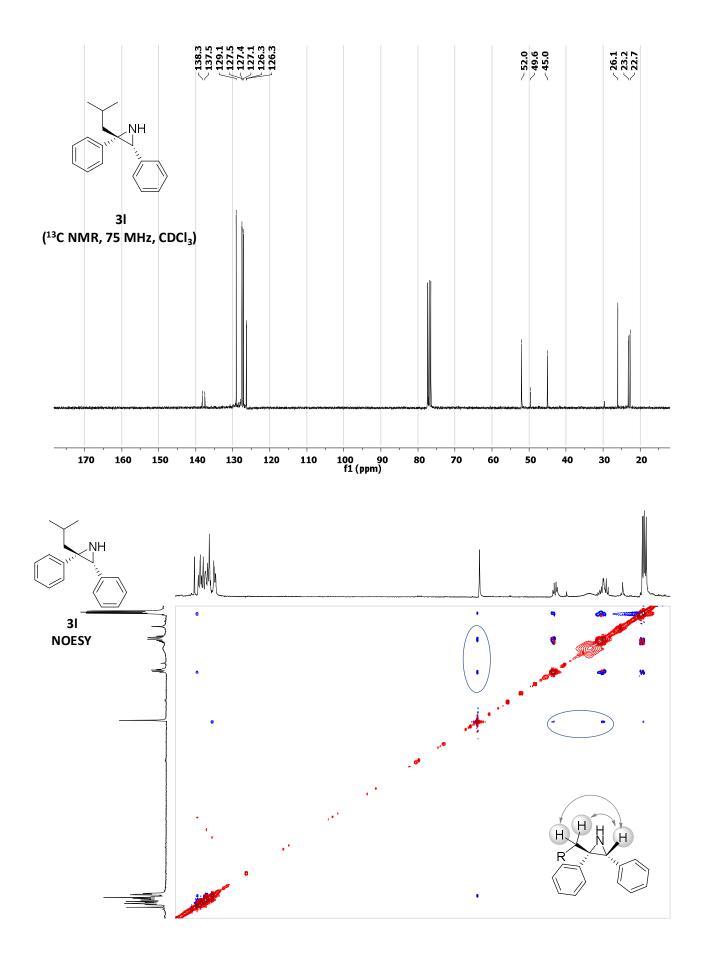












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